



## City of Big Sandy

903.636.4343 | [publicworks@bigsandytx.gov](mailto:publicworks@bigsandytx.gov)

### 2024 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) - PWS #2300001

June 26, 2025

This is your water quality report for January 1 to December 31, 2024. As part of our commitment to providing quality drinking water, we have prepared this Water Quality Report (also known as the consumer confidence report) for our customers and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). This report contains drinking water data from the 2024 calendar year (Jan 1, 2024 - Dec. 31, 2024) and informs you about the quality of your drinking water.

**Este reporte incluye informacion importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al telefono 903.636.4343.**

#### WATER SOURCE

The City of Big Sandy uses groundwater from three wells that draw from the Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer, which is a major aquifer extending from the Louisiana border to the border of Mexico in a wide band adjacent to and northwest of the Gulf Coast Aquifer.

#### WATER STORAGE

The City of Big Sandy has the following water storage capacity:

- One (1) elevated tank built in 1935, capacity 50,000 gallons
- One (1) elevated tank built in 1989, capacity 200,000 gallons
- One (1) ground storage tank built in 2005, capacity 87,000 gallons
- One (1) ground storage tank built in 2015, capacity 100,000 gallons

The safe limit on water demand is 330,000 gallons per day. If this amount is exceeded, then a water conservation plan is put into effect.

#### WATER DISTRIBUTION

The City of Big Sandy water distribution system consists of five (5) high-lift service pumps and miles of 2" through 8" size water lines. The City of Big Sandy water lines are a combination of PVC, galvanized, asbestos cement and cast iron. Service lines from the water main to the customers consist of PVC, copper and galvanized pipe. The City's line inventory can be viewed at <https://www.bigsandytx.gov/page/Utilities-Service%20Line%20Inventory>.

#### DISINFECTANT

The only treatment the city is required to do is the addition of chlorine. We are required to maintain at least a 0.2 ppm (parts per million) free chlorine residual at the furthestmost point of our system.

#### TOTAL PUMPAGE

The total gallons pumped in 2024 were 54,095,680. The city has about 719 customer connections.

#### CERTIFICATION

Water systems must employ persons with state certifications. The City of Big Sandy has two state-certified operators: Arlin Braun, who has Class C Groundwater and Class A Wastewater Licenses and Paul Conrads, who has Class C Groundwater and Class A Wastewater Licenses.

**Public Works Telephone Number:**

City Hall 903.636.4343

**After Hours Emergency Telephone Number:**

Police Dept. 903.636.4200

For more information about this report, or for any questions relating to your drinking water, please email the Public Works Dept. at [publicworks@bigsandytx.gov](mailto:publicworks@bigsandytx.gov). If you have any health concerns related to the information in this report, we encourage you to contact your health care provider.

## Information about your Drinking Water

### **SUBSTANCES EXPECTED IN DRINKING WATER**

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Substances that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants: such as viruses and bacteria, may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants: such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides: may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants: including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants: can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that must provide the same protection for public health.

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please the Public Works Dept at [publicworks@bigsandytx.gov](mailto:publicworks@bigsandytx.gov) or 903.636.4343.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as *Cryptosporidium*, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly or immuno-compromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer, persons who have undergone organ transplants, those who are undergoing treatment with steroids, and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

## ABBREVIATIONS & DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

Abbreviation	Term	Definition
AL	Action Level	The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers a treatment or other requirement for a system.
ALG	Action Level Goal	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALG's allow for a margin of safety.
AVG	Average	Regulatory compliance with some MCL's is based on running annual average of monthly samples.
	Level 1 Assessment	A level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
	Level 2 Assessment	A level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water.
MCLG	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. Allows for a margin of safety.
MFL	Million Fibers per Liter	A measure of asbestos.
MRDLG	Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. Does not reflect use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
MRDL	Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water.
MREM/year	Millirems per Year	A measure of radiation absorbed by the body.
NA	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
ND	Not Detectable	Not detectable at testing limits.
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units	A measure of turbidity.
pCi/L	Picocuries per Liter	A measure of radioactivity.
ppb	Parts per Billion	Micograms per liter (ug/l)
ppm	Parts per Million	Milligrams per liter (mg/l)
ppq	Parts per Quadrillion	Picograms per liter (pg/l)
ppt	Parts per Trillion	Nanograms per liter (ng/l)
TT	Treatment Technique	A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

## Information about Source Water

TCEQ completed an assessment of your source water, and results indicate that some of our sources are susceptible to certain contaminants. The sampling requirements for your water system are based on this susceptibility and previous sample data. Any detection of these contaminants will be found in this Consumer Confidence Report.

For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system, please email us at [publicworks@bigsandytx.gov](mailto:publicworks@bigsandytx.gov) or call us at 903.636.4343.

## 2024 WATER QUALITY RESULTS

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2023	1.3	1.3	0.289	0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.
The City of Big Sandy is on a reduced sampling schedule for lead and copper, due to our compliance history. The results listed above are distribution samples taken from the customers' tap. Lead and copper has not been detected in water leaving the water treatment facilities. The source of lead and copper is corrosion of household plumbing systems.								
Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level or Average Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2024	3	2.7-2.7	No goal for the total	60	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes	2024	8	8.14 – 8.14	No goal for the total	80	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

\* The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all sample results collected at a location over a year

Inorganic Contaminants- Secondary Constituents	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
<b>Barium</b>	2024	0.12	0.076 - 0.12	2	2	ppm	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
<b>Fluoride</b>	2024	0.13	0.125 – 0.13	4	4.0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
<b>Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]</b>	2024	0.0796	0.0313-0.0796	10	10	ppm	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.

Radioactive Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
<b>Combined Radium 226/228</b>	2024	1.5	1.5 – 1.5	0	5	pCi/L	N	Erosion of natural deposits

### Disinfectant Residual

Disinfectant Residual	Year	Average Level	Range of Levels Detected	MRD L	MRD LG	Unit of Measure	Violation	Source in Drinking Water
Chlorine Free	2024			4	4	ppm	N	Water additive used to control microbes

### Violations

Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
Disinfectant Level Quarterly Operating Report (DLQOR)	04/01/2024	06/30/2024	At the end of each quarter, TCEQ requires our water system to submit this report by the 10 <sup>th</sup> of the following month. During this quarter, our drinking water was tested daily and was within the acceptable ranges. We missed submitting our 2 <sup>nd</sup> quarter report to TCEQ by July 10 <sup>th</sup> , 2024 and were issued a violation.

### Big Sandy's Sources of Drinking Water and Distribution System

Big Sandy uses ground water from three wells that draw from the Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer. A source water assessment has been completed by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for all the water sources and the report is available to review by calling us at 903.636.4343 or emailing us [publicworks@bigsandytx.gov](mailto:publicworks@bigsandytx.gov).

The City of Big Sandy is focused on source water protection activities since some of our sources are susceptible to contaminants. The water sampling requirements for our water system are based on this susceptibility and previous sample data. Any detection of these contaminants will be found in this report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts please contact us at 903.636.4343.

To monitor water quality in local rivers, streams, and reservoirs, the City of Big Sandy has a Watershed Management Program. We work closely with the Sabine River Authority, Northeast Texas Municipal Water District, Texas Railroad Commission, TX Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ), TX Parks and Wildlife Commission, American Water Works Association, TX Water Utilities Association and local industries to monitor and maintain a high level of water quality.

The City of Big Sandy continues its water conservation plan of asking all residents to follow this year-round watering schedule: if a customer's physical street address ends in an odd number (1, 3, 5, etc.), they water on Wednesday, Friday, & Sunday. If a customer's street address ends in an even number (2, 4, 6, etc.), they water on Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday.

## **Storm Water Pollution Prevention Program**

Watersheds may be susceptible to contamination resulting from flood, erosion, and pollution; also referred to as storm water runoff. The City of Big Sandy has incorporated a program to help manage Storm Water Pollution.

Storm water pollution is being reduced from the monitoring and modification of the City's operations through good municipal housekeeping. Our program also works to control construction runoff resulting in less sediment, the number one pollutant in our watersheds.

Finally, one of the most important parts of this program is the education and involvement of the public and citizens of Big Sandy regarding watersheds and storm water pollution.



## **Guidelines to Help Prevent Storm Water Pollution**

1. Use fertilizers sparingly
2. Sweep up driveways, sidewalks, and gutters
3. Never dump, blow, sweep, or wash anything down storm drains
4. Don't leave bare spots in your yard
5. Compost wastes
6. Use less toxic pesticides, follow labels, and learn how to prevent pest problems
7. Direct downspouts away from paved surfaces; consider a rain garden to capture runoff
8. Take your car to the car wash instead of washing it in the driveway
9. Check your car for leaks and recycle your motor oil
10. Pick up after your pet

Thank you for reading through the City of Big Sandy Water Quality Report for 2024. The public works department and the service we provide to you is continually improving. We welcome your comments, suggestions and/or questions.

### **City of Big Sandy Public Works Department**

Public Works	Rocky Ware, Director Gustavo Garcia	903.636.4343	<a href="mailto:publicworks@bigsandytx.gov">publicworks@bigsandytx.gov</a>
Utility Clerk	Sarah Strub	903.636.4343	<a href="mailto:utilityclerk@bigsandytx.gov">utilityclerk@bigsandytx.gov</a>
City Administrator City Secretary	Laura Rex	903.636.4343	<a href="mailto:cityadministrator@bigsandytx.gov">cityadministrator@bigsandytx.gov</a>

### **City of Big Sandy Elected Officials**

Mayor	Linda Baggett	2025-2027	<a href="mailto:lbaggett@bigsandytx.gov">lbaggett@bigsandytx.gov</a>
Mayor Pro Tem	David Fonteno	2024-2026	<a href="mailto:dfonteno@bigsandytx.gov">dfonteno@bigsandytx.gov</a>
Councilmember	Sally Allen	2025-2027	<a href="mailto:sallen@bigsandytx.gov">sallen@bigsandytx.gov</a>
Councilmember	Trey Beahm	2024-2026	<a href="mailto:tbeahm@bigsandytx.gov">tbeahm@bigsandytx.gov</a>
Councilmember	Rex Rozell	2025-2027	<a href="mailto:rrozell@bigsandytx.gov">rrozell@bigsandytx.gov</a>
Councilmember	Chase Sheeley	2024-2026	<a href="mailto:csheeley@bigsandytx.gov">csheeley@bigsandytx.gov</a>